



ENDING CHOLERA — A GLOBAL ROADMAP TO 2030

Marion Martinez Valiente GTFCC Secretariat 10 december 2024

CHOLERA — A DISEASE OF INEQUITY

Affects world's poorest, most vulnerable people

Usual risks and vulnerabilities remain

- Evolving risk Climate change
- 47 countries initially targeted by the Global Roadmap => 54 now

 The real burden of cholera is underreported

=> Negatively impacting how cholera burden is perceived and allocated resources

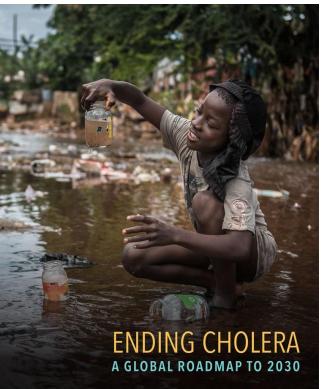
2015 modelling: 2.9m cases and 95 000 deaths
<1bn people at risk*



GTFCC: KEY FIGURES

- 1992: Start of the Global Cholera Control Task Force (WHO)
- 2013: Creation of the oral cholera vaccine stockpile
- 2014: Revitalization of the GTFCC, WHA 64.15 resolution, "Cholera mechanisms for control and prevention" – Secretariat and technical working group coordination at WHO
- 2017: Launch of the Global Roadmap
- 2018: 71st WHA resolution, Member States commit to the Roadmap
- 2020: Launch of the GTFCC Research Agenda and establishment of the Country Support Platform (CSP)
- 2017 2030: Implementation of the Roadmap





A BROAD PARTNERSHIP

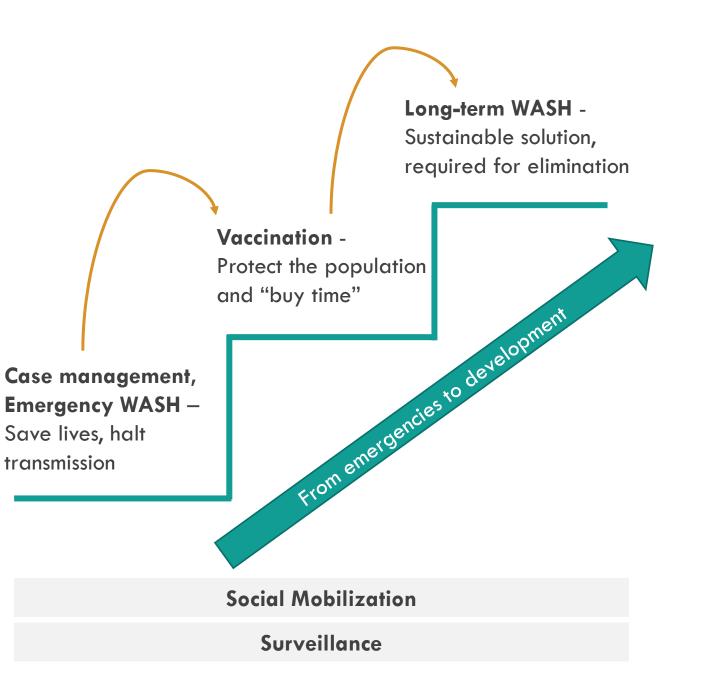
Diversity, Complementarity Health & Wash Maximizing synergies & impact

ENDING CHOLERA: A GLOBAL ROADMAP TO 2030



THEORY OF CHANGE

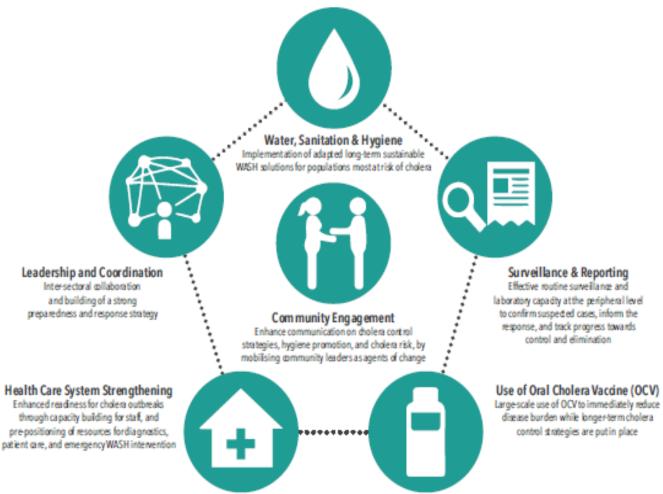
- From a reactive approach to an approach to prepare for and prevent outbreaks
- > We have the tools to end cholera!
- Target and coordinate multisectoral interventions, leaning on:
 - Strong surveillance to target and monitor interventions
 - A clear coordination mechanism
 - Country commitment
 - An engaged community



A PACKAGE OF MEASURES TO CONTROL CHOLERA

The GTFCC encourages countries to develop **National Cholera Control Plans** to plan for and monitor the implementation of cholera control measures

Targeted approach (PAMI)



NCPs TO ROLL OUT THE GLOBAL ROADMAP IN COUNTRIES



National Cholera Plans will set the parameters for the implementation of the Global Roadmap at national level

Countries are encouraged to set their own goal(s) and to identify cholera control activities across the five pillars of the Global Roadmap

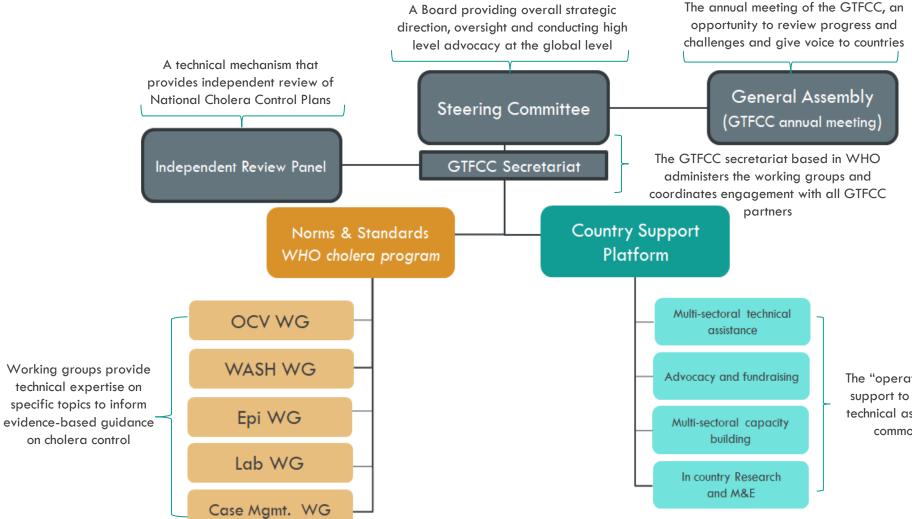
- Surveillance and reporting
- Health care system strengthening
- Use of oral cholera vaccine (OCV)
- Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH)

Community engagement

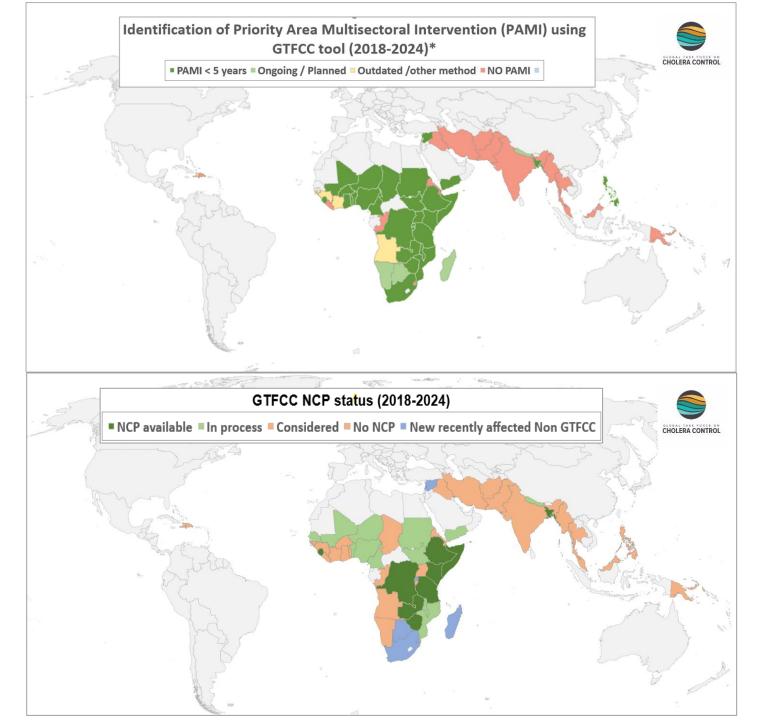
GLOBAL FRAMEWORK

NATIONAL FRAMEWORKS

A STRUCTURE TO SUPPORT THE IMPLEMENTATION



The "operational arm" of the GTFCC, coordinating support to countries for implementation, including technical assistance (short, medium and long term), commodities, capacity building and M&E



PROGRESS: FOCUS ON PAMI AND NCP



✓ June 2022: 8 countries✓ September 2024: 22 countries

Finalized NCP

✓ June 2022: 4 countries
✓ September 2024: 10 countries

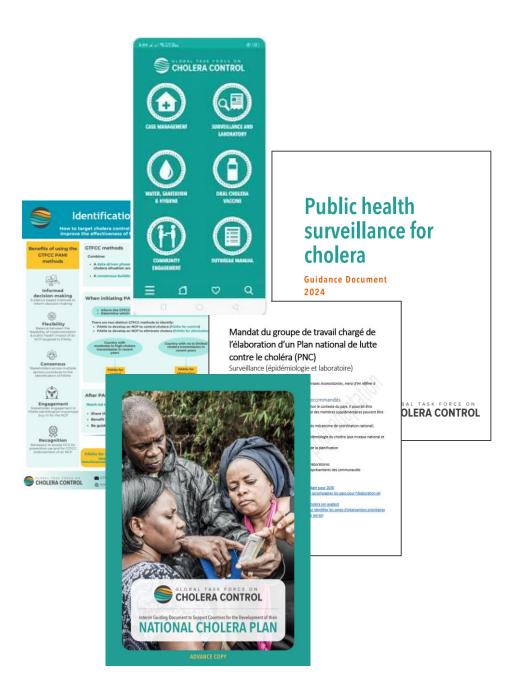
MEASURING PROGRESS: ANNUAL REPORTING



GTFCC RESOURCES & TOOLS

- GTFCC Cholera App
- NCP Interim Guiding Document
- Template for National Cholera Plans
- Terms of reference for working groups what to consider when developing the country specific NCP
- Priority Areas for Multisectoral Interventions (PAMIs) Global Task Force on Cholera Control, Technical guidance Identification of Priority Areas for Multisectoral Interventions (PAMIs) for cholera control – Global Task Force on Cholera Control / elimination
- Specific set of guidance and tools per pillar available on the GTFCC website in the <u>Resources section</u> (use the filter to access the different areas of intervention)

Tools to support countries in developing the situational analysis or SWOT analysis are under development.



THANK YOU!

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https://www.gtfcc.org/ https://www.gtfcc.org/fr/





CHOLERA CONTROL



#EndCholera

